

*Designing the Clean and Fuel
Efficient Engine for the
Twenty-First Century*

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Fifty Years Ago...

**1949 Ford Custom
Tudor Sedan**

**239 CID Flathead V-8
3-speed M/T
“Magic Aire” Heater**



10(?) mpg
4 gpm NO_x
8 gpm HC

The Federal Role in Efficiency & Emissions

Enabling Policy
(tax credits)

R&D Partnerships
(PNGV)

Regulatory Policy
(CAFE, Tier 2)



Future Clean
Vehicle Technologies

Defining “Efficient”:



- 80 mpg
- Meets Tier 2 emissions standards
- Meets all Federal safety standards
- Size, performance, cost of ownership comparable to today's midsize family sedans
- Implies leapfrog technology (engine, drivetrain)

Defining "Clean": Tier 2

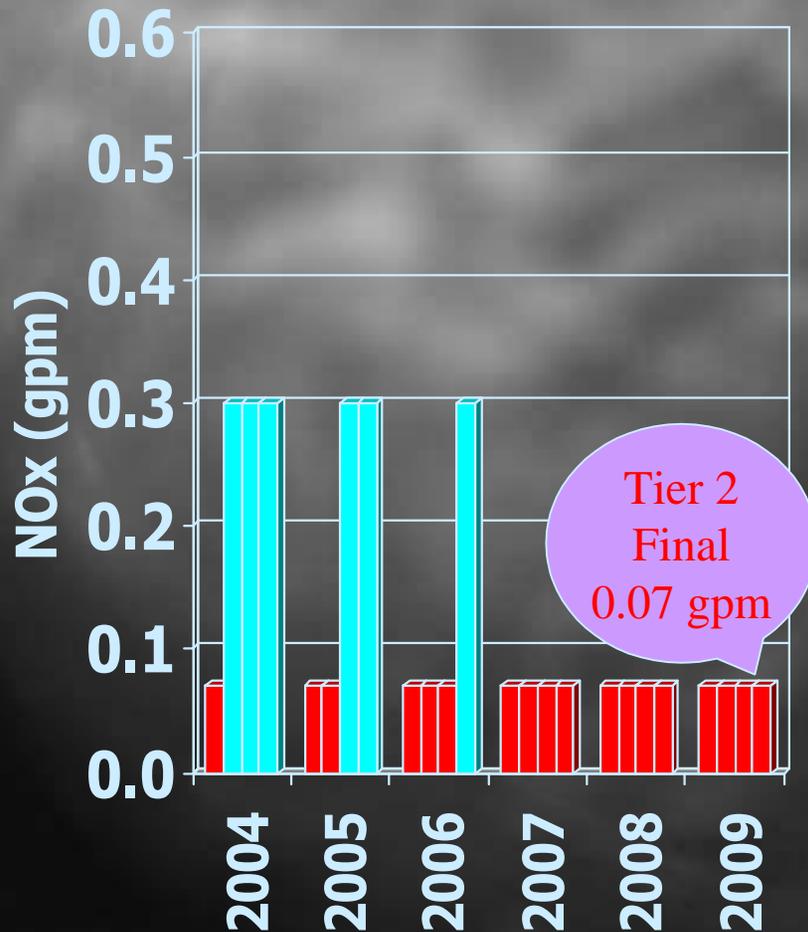


- Establishes 7 certification emission bins applicable to all light duty vehicles
- Establishes interim & final manufacturer fleet average NOx standards
- Heavier light trucks get longer, but ...
- ...by 2009, eliminates explicitly different standards for car & light truck categories

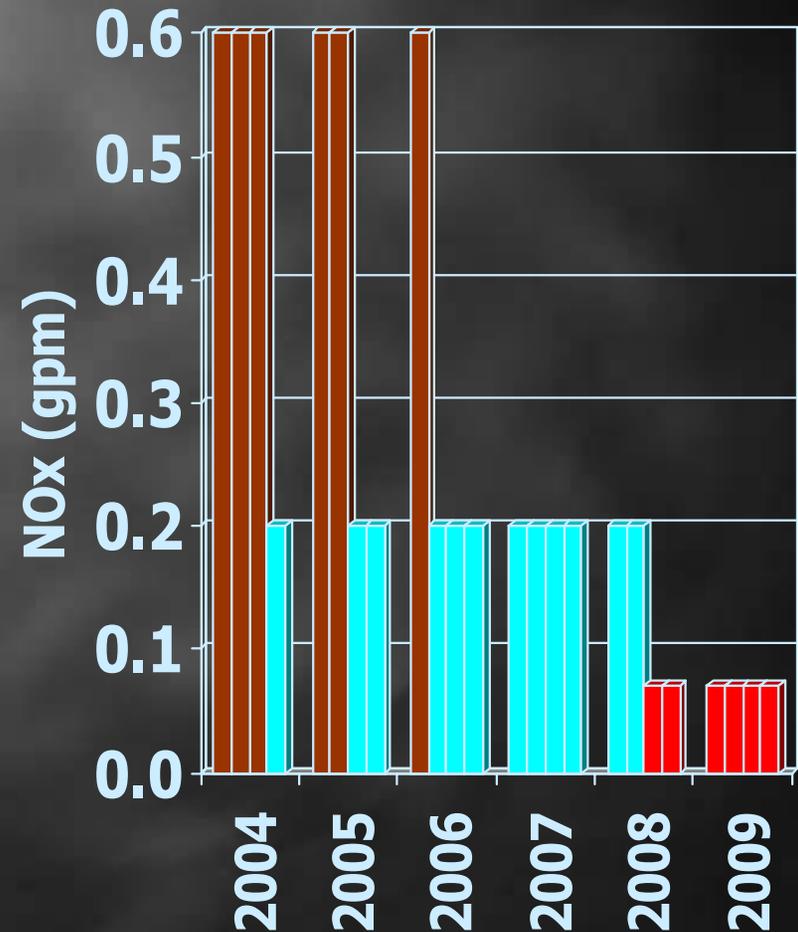
Phase-In of the Proposed Tier 2 NOx Fleet Averages

- Tier 2 Final
- Tier 2 Interim
- Tier 2 Balance

Cars, Trucks < 6000 lb GVWR



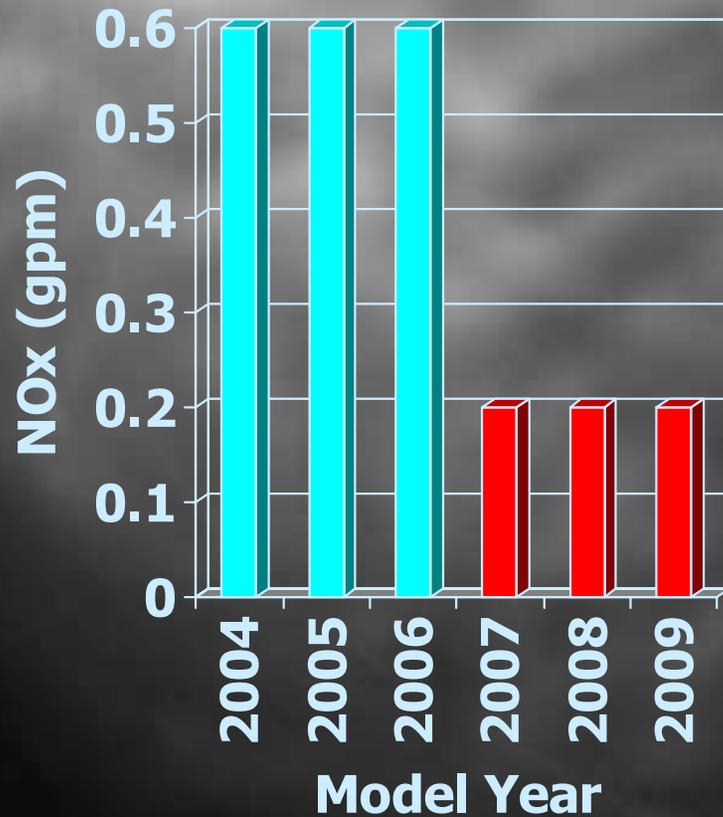
Light Trucks > 6000 lb GVWR



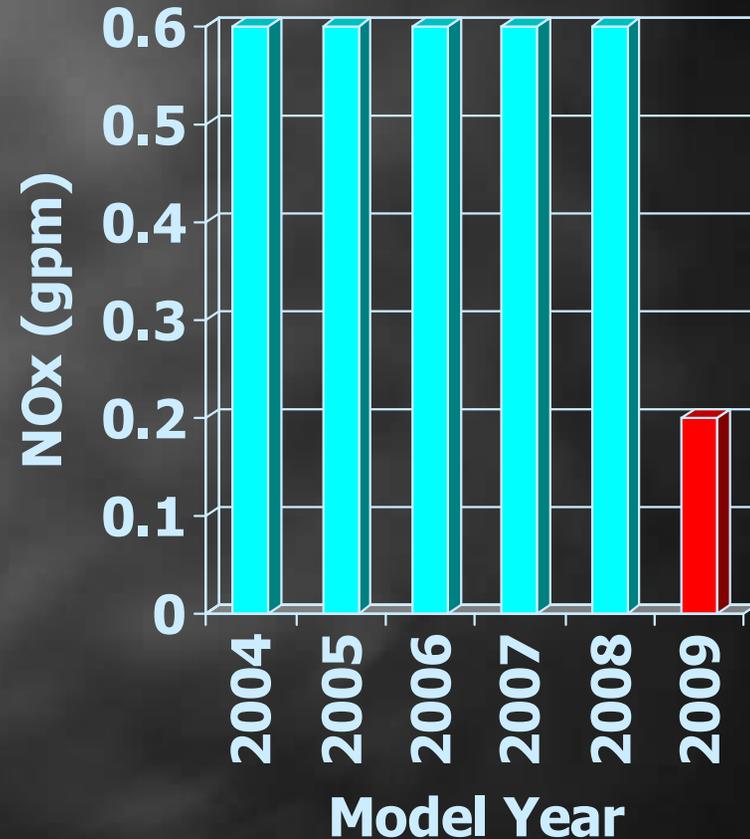
Proposed Tier 2: Maximum NOx Levels

 Tier 2 Final
 Tier 2 Interim

Cars, Trucks < 6000 lb GVWR



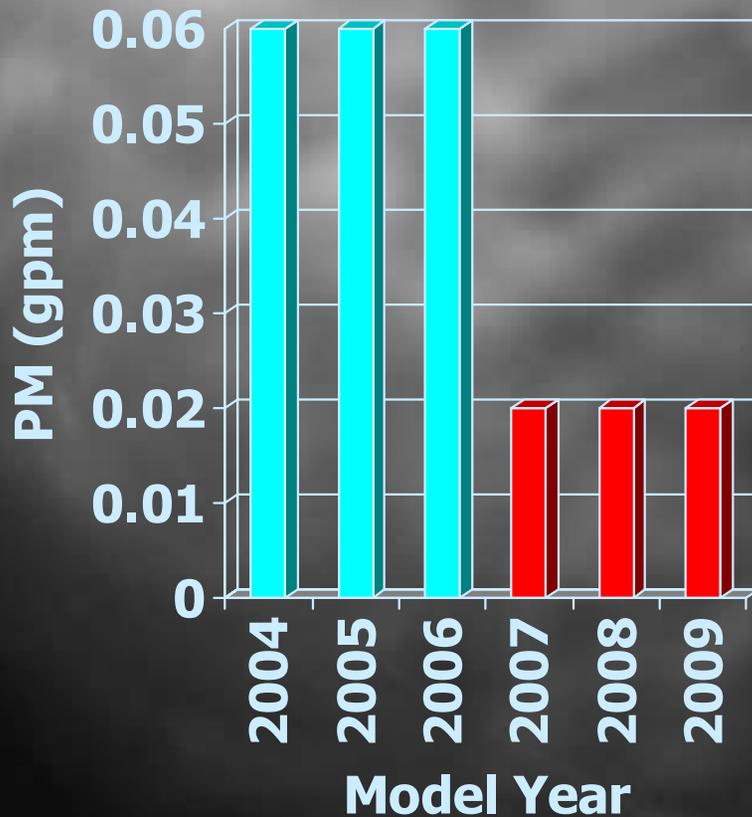
Light Trucks > 6000 lb GVWR



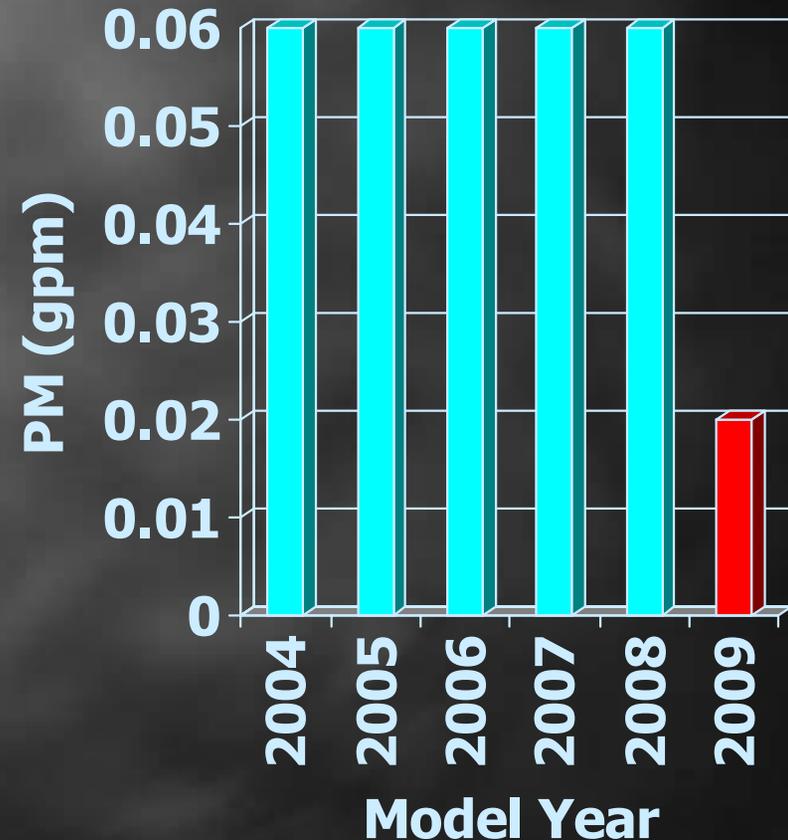
Proposed Tier 2: Maximum PM Levels

 Tier 2 Final
 Tier 2 Interim

Cars, Trucks < 6000 lb GVWR



Light Trucks > 6000 lb GVWR



Ultimately Future Engine Designs Should Help Vehicles Deliver...

< 0.07 gpm NOx
< 0.01 gpm PM

80 mpg Efficiency



Engine Equivalent Stringency to Tier 2

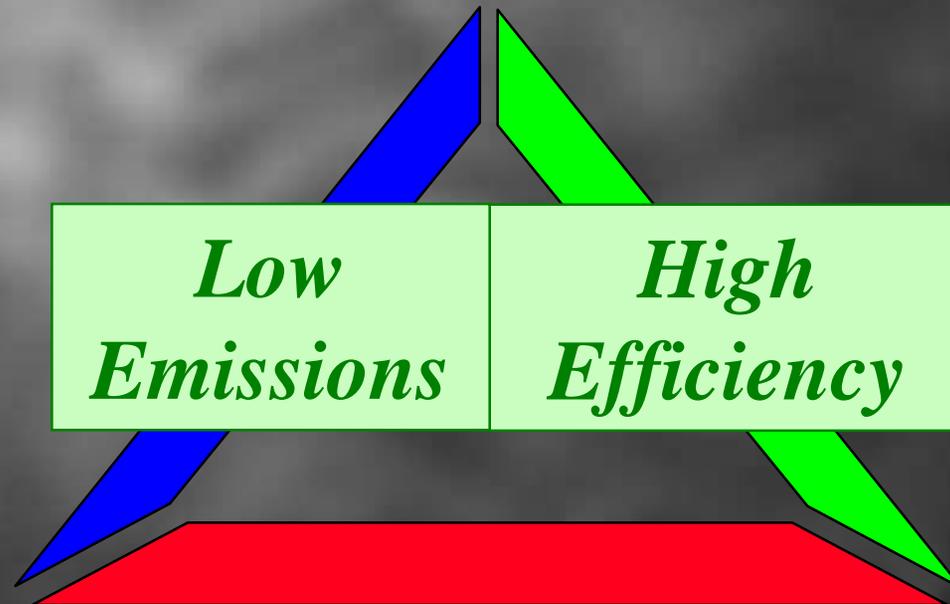
	Tier 2 NOx g/mi	Engine NOx g/bhp-hr	Tier 2 PM g/mi	Engine PM g/bhp-hr
Typical Car	.07	.2	.01	.03
Large SUV	.07	.1	.01	.015

HD Engine Goals

Year	Engine NOx g/bhp-hr	Engine PM g/bhp-hr
2007 - 2008	0.5	.010 - .025
2010 -2012	0.1	.010 - .020

Research Focus: Achieving Integrated Solutions...

Combustion System



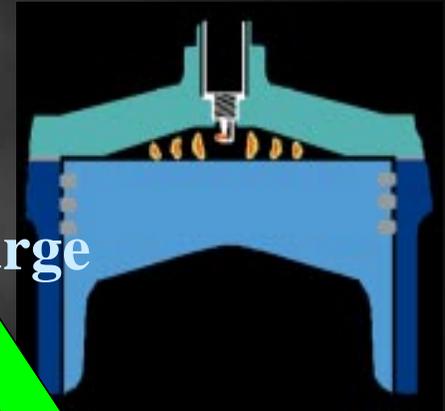
Aftertreatment

Fuel

Conventional SI with Premixed Charge + Gasoline = Low Emissions, *but Inefficient*

- Homogeneous charge, inherently low PM
- High peak temp = high NO_x, but stoich operation allows TWC
- *Throttling and low compression ratios reduce efficiency*

Stoich SI with Premixed Charge

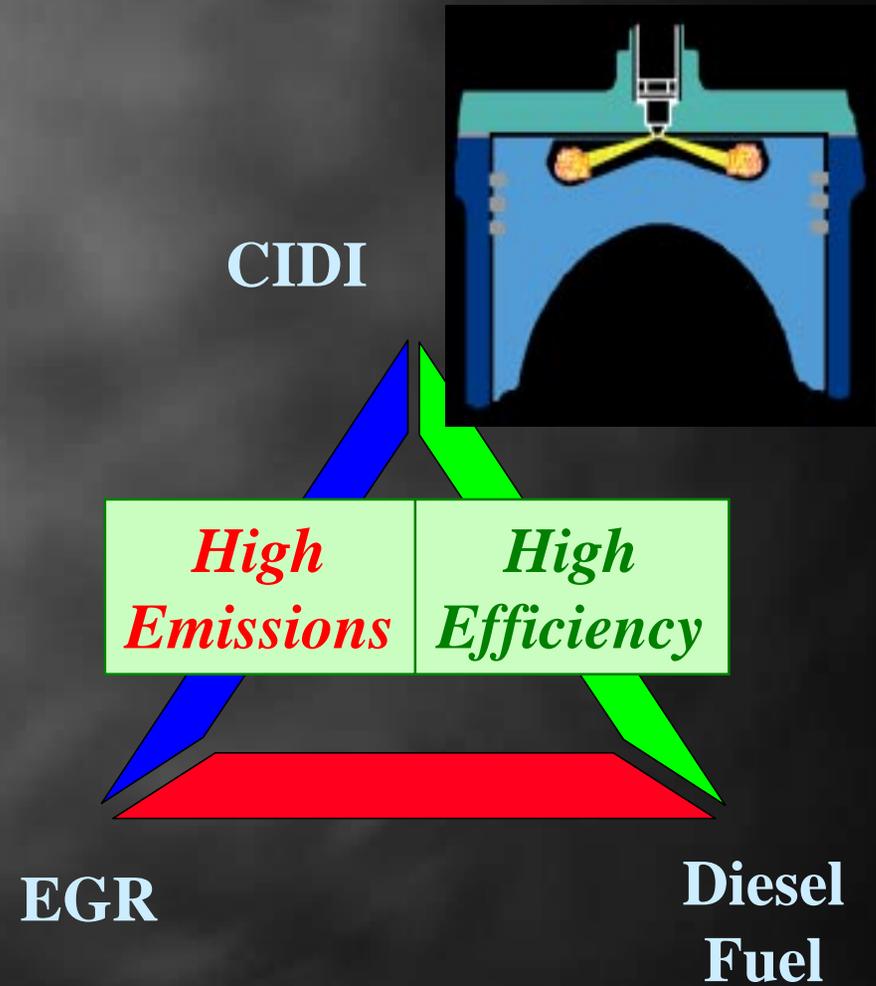


TWC
EGR

Gasoline

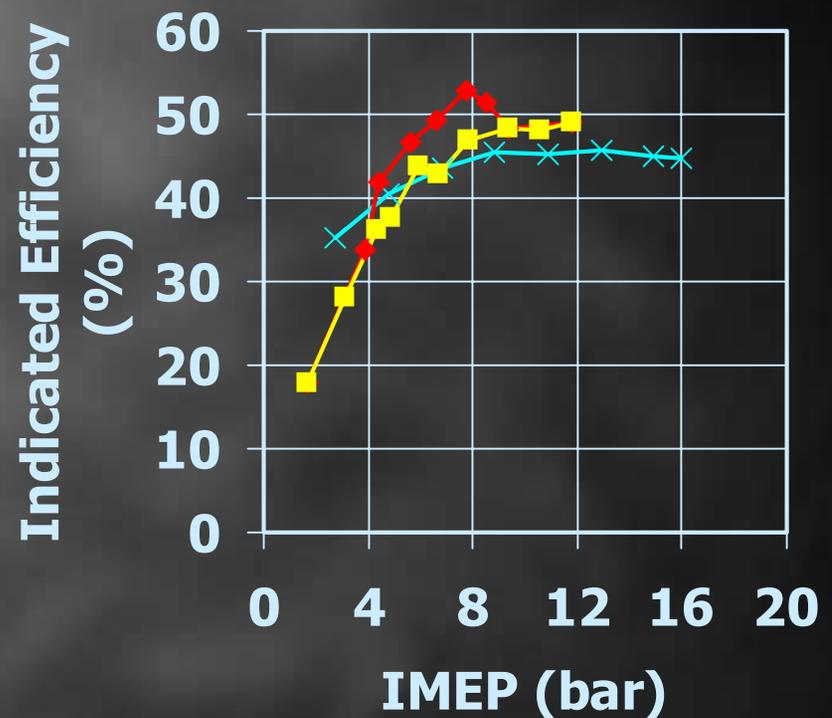
Conventional CI Direct Injection + Diesel Fuel = Efficient but has *High Emissions*

- High compression & unthrottled = high efficiency...
- ...*But stratified charge = high PM*
- *High peak combustion temperatures = high NO_x; lean operation prevents use of TWC*



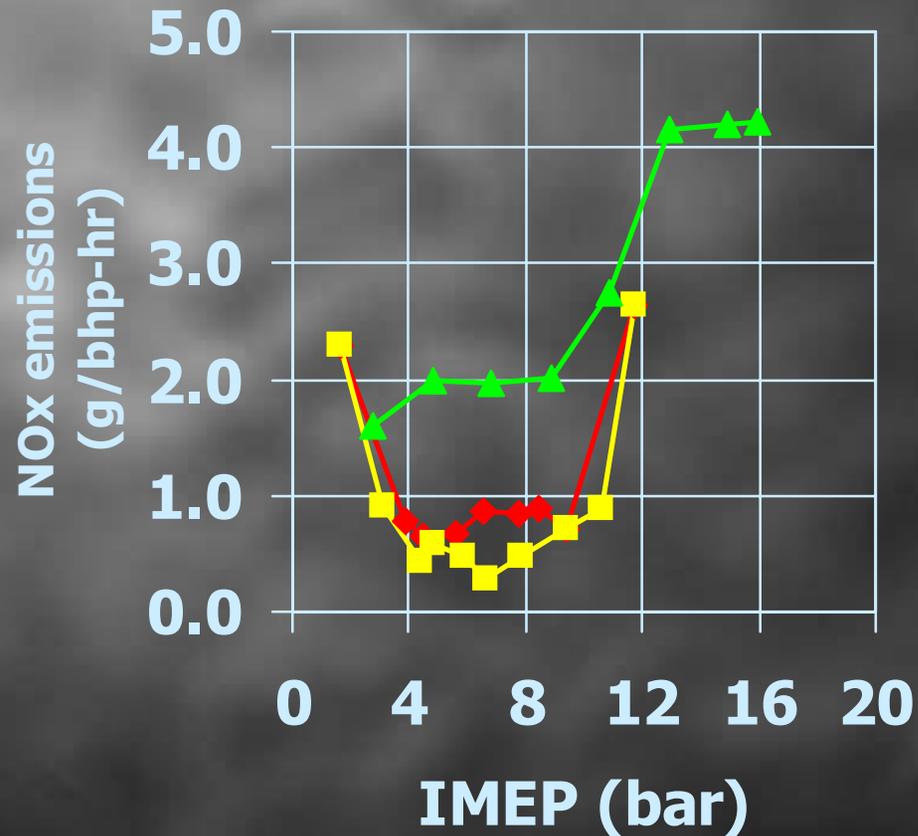
Alternative Fuel Research Engines Already Clear "High Bar" Efficiencies...

- Renewable alcohol research engine
- Two different combustion concepts
- Efficiencies exceed state-of-the-art diesel



—x— 1.9L DI Diesel —◆— Concept A
—■— Concept B

...While Exhibiting Low Engine-Out NOx

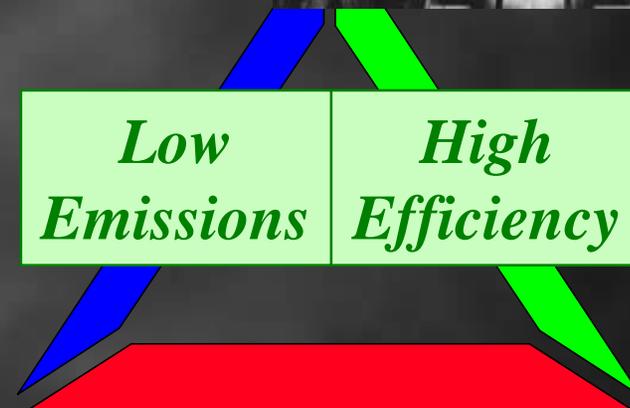
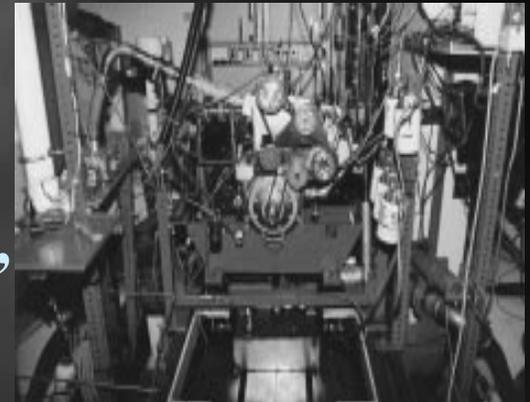


- ◆ Concept A
- ◆ Concept B
- ▲ 1.9L DI Diesel

Approach Employs late DI with Stoichiometry, on Methanol

- Predicted advantage for fuels with no or one carbon bond...
- Implies additional focus: similar concept on EtOH, DME
- *Raises fuel infrastructure issues*

Late DI,
Stoich



TWC
EGR

MeOH
EtOH?
DME?

Research Opportunity: Gasoline/Diesel-Like Fuels at Stoich

- If efficiency is obtained through high compression, high expansion + unthrottled...
- How can the engine be operated at stoich, so as to allow TWC?

High compression
High expansion
Unthrottled
Stoich

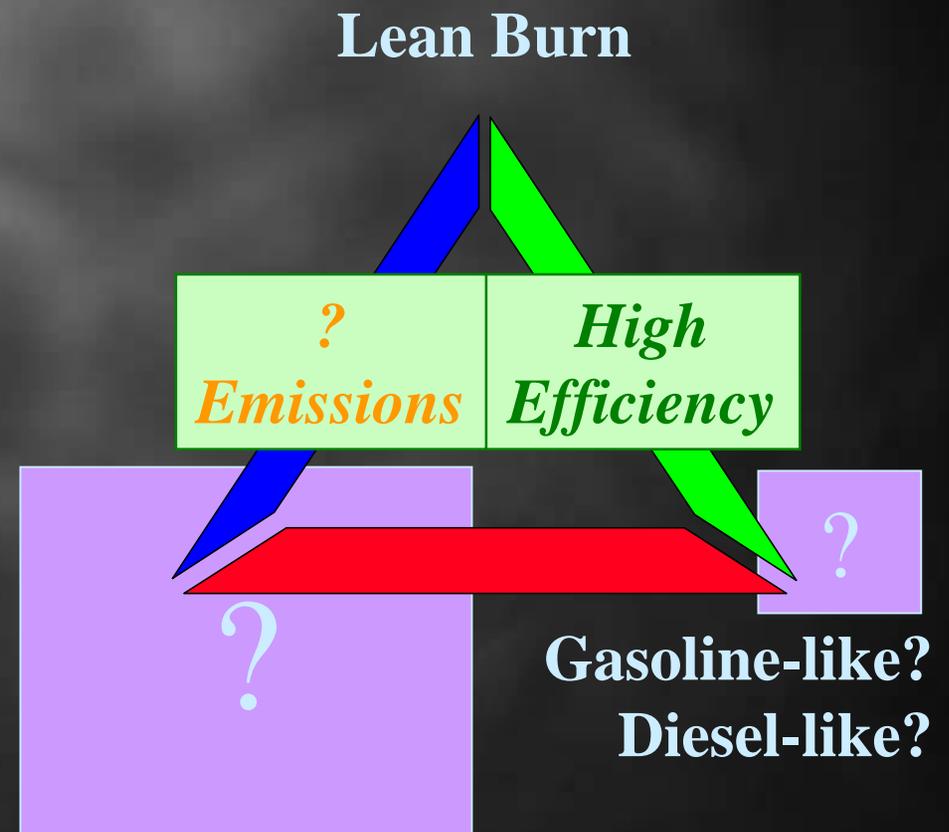


EGR
TWC

Gasoline-like
Diesel-like

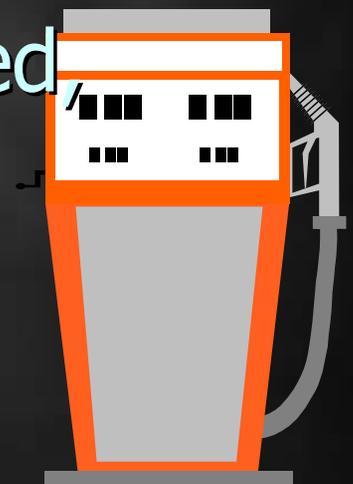
Research Opportunity: Lean Burn on Gasoline/Diesel-Like Fuels

- If engine is operated with lean burn...
- Need more research on NOx adsorbers, plasma cats, PM traps
- Includes issue of achieving intermittent rich operation to purge adsorber



New Fuels Enable Advanced Aftertreatment

- Low sulfur
- Somewhat dependent on combustion approaches not yet demonstrated
- NO_x/PM traps, SCR, plasma cats
- If separate/segregated fuel required, should we ramp up alt fuel focus now?



Future Prospects for Even Higher Efficiency

- Lower heat rejection
- Cost-effective bottoming cycles
 - especially in hybrid applications
 - focus on parallel hybrid w/ load-leveled engine operating in high-load, high efficiency regime

Twenty Years from Now...

2019 Dream Sedan

37 CID Fuel Converter
“Magic Aire” Exhaust
Continuously Smooth
Transmission
All-Wheel Regenerative
Braking

xxx mpg
.00y gpm NOx
.00z PM

